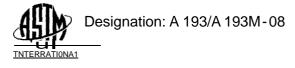




Manufacturer & Exporters of

High Tensile Carbon Steel, API 5L X52 to X70 PSL 1/2, LSAW, ERW & Seamless Pipes & Fittings, Stainless Steel, Alloy Steel Pipes& Fittings, High Nickel Alloys, Monel, Inconel, Hastelloy, SM0254, Duplex, Super Duplex, Titanium-B2, B5 - Pipes & Fittings, Finned Tubes, Studded Pipes.





Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature or High Pressure Service and Other Special Purpose Application

This stand:ird is issued uniJer the fixeiJ designation A 193/A 193M; the numbet immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (e) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard hue heeii <i pyinved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

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1.1 This specification' covers alloy and stainless steel bolting material for pressure vessels, valve.s, flanges, arid fittings for high temperature or high pressure service, or other special purpose applications. The term fooffing *material in* used in this specification covers bars, bolts, screws, studs, stud bolts, and wire. Bars and wire shall be hot-wrought. The material may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be carbide solution treated or carbide solution treated and strain-hardened. When strain hardened austenitic steel is ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X1 is thoroughly understood.

1.2 Several grades are covered, including ferritic steels and austenitic stainless steels designated BS, B8, and so forth. Selection will depend upon design, service conditions, mechanical properties, and high temperature characteristics.

Now I—The committee formulating this specification has included fifteen steel types that have been rather extensively used for the present purpose. Other compositions will be considered for inclusion by the committee from time to time as the need becomes apparent.

Now 2—For grades of alloy-steel bolting material suitable for use at the lciwer range of high temperature applications, reference should be made to Specification A 354.

1.3 Nuts for use with this bolting material are covered In Section 14.

1.4 Supplementary Requirements S1 through 510 are provided for use when additional tests or inspection are desired. These shall apply only when specified in the purchase order. 1.5 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable 31 specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

1.6 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets.

- 2. Referenced Documents
 - 2.1 ASTM StanJards ³
 - A 153/A l53M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip)on Iron and Steel Hardware
 - A 194/A 194M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both
 - A320/A 320M Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for Low-Temperature Service
 - A 354 Specification for Quenched and Tempered Alloy Steel Bolts, Studs, and Other Externally Threaded Fasteners
 - A 788/A 788M Specification for Steel Forgings, General Requirements
 - A 962/A 962M Specification for Common Requirements for Steel Fasteners or Fastener Materials, or Both, Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range
 - B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel
 - B 696 Specification for Coatings of Cadmium Mechanically Deposited
 - B 76G Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Cadmium ξ'

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of thls standard.

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Nets 3—For grades of alloy-steel bolting material suitable for use in low tcmperaturc applications, i'eference should be made to Specification A 320/A 320M.

This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **A0l** on Steel, -Stainless Steel arid Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Matei'ials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

Current edition approved April I, 2008. Published May 2008. Originally approved in 1935. Last pfex'ious edition approved in 2007 as A 193/A 193M-07. 'For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications, see related Specification SA-193 in Section II of that Code.

^{&#}x27;Por referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASJ'M website, www.astrn.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at serviceiil'astm.otg. Fot *Annual Beak of ASTM Standards volume* information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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A 193/A 193M-08

- E IS Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E21 Test Methods for Elevated Temperature Tension Tests of Metallic Materials
- E 112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E 139 Test Methods for Conducting Creep, Creep-Rupture, and Stress-Rupture Tests of Metallic Materials
- <code>E150</code> Recommended Practice for Conducting Creep and Creep-Rupture Tension Tests of Metallic Materials Under Conditions of Rapid Heating and Short Time 4
- E 151 Recommended Practice for Tension Tests of Metallic Materials at Elevated Temperatures With Rapid Heating and Conventional or Rapid Strain Rates4
- E 292 Te.st Methods for Conducting Time-for-Rupture Notch Tension Tests of Materials
- \mathbbm{E} .32b Test Methods for Stress Relaxation for Materials and Structures
- E 566 Practice for Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Sorting of Ferrous Metals
- E 709 Guide for Magnetic Particle Testing
- E 605 Pi'actice for Strain-Controlled Fatigue Testing
- F 1940 Test Method for Process Control Verification to Prevent Hydrogen Einbriulement in Plated or Coated Fasteners
- F 1941 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings on Threaded Fasteners (Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN/ UNR))
- 2.2 ANSI Standards:-'
- BI.1 Screw Threads
- B1II.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws
- ii 18.2.3. IM Metric Hex Cap Screws
- BIS.3 Hexagon Socket and Spline Socket Screws

B18.3.IM Mefi-ic Socket Head Cap Screws

- 2.3 AIAG Standard.
- AIAC> B-5 02.00 Primary Metals Identification Tag Application Standard

3. General Requirements and Ordering Information

3.I The inquiry and orders shall include the following, as required, to describe the desired material adequately:

I Heat-treated condition (that is, normalized and tem- pered, or quenched and tempered, for the fen4tic materials, and carbide solution treated (Class I), carbide solution treated after finishing (Class IA), and carbide solution treated and strain-hardened (Classes 2, 2B and 2C), for the austenitic stainless steels; Classes IB and IC apply to the carbide solution-treated nitrogen-bearing stainless steels; Class ID applies to material carbide solution treated by cooling rapidly from the rolling temperature),

32 Description of items required (that is, bars, bolts, screws, or studs),

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3.1.3 Nuts, if required by purchaser, in acco ance with 14.1,

3.1.4 Supplementary i'equirements, if any, and

3. 1.5 Special requirements, in accordance with 7.3, 7.5.1, 11.2, 15.1, and 16.1.

3.2 *Coatings-----Coatings* are prohibited unless specified by the purchaser (See Supplementary Requirements 513 and 514). When coated fasteners are ordered the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X2 is thoroughly understood.

4. Common Requirements

4. 1 Material and fasteners supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between this specification and Specification A 962/A 962M, this specification shall prevail.

5. Manufacture (Process)

5.1 The steel shall be produced by any of the following processes: open-hearth, basic-oxygen, electric-furnace, or vacuum-induction melting (VIM). The molten steel may be vacuum-treated prior to or during pouring of the ingot or strand casting.

5.2 *Quality----See* Specification A 962/A 962M for requirements.

6. Discard

6.1 A sufficient discard shall be made to secure freedom from injurious piping and undue segregation.

7. Heat Treatment

7.1 Ferritic steels shall be properly heat treated as best suits the high temperature characteristics of each grade. Immediately after rolling or forging, the bolting material shall be allowed to cool to a temperature below the cooling transformation range. The materials which are to be furnished in the liquid-quenched condition shall then be uniformly reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain (a group thus reheated being known as a *quenching charge*) and quenched in a liquid medium under substantially uniform conditions for each quenching charge. Use of water quenching is prohibited for any ferritic grade when heat treatment is part of the fastener manufacturing process. This prohibition does not apply to heat treated bar or to fasteners machined therefrom. The materials that are to be furnished in the normalized or air-quenched condition shall be reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain and cooled uniformly in air to a temperature below the transformation temperature range. The material, whether liquid-quenched or normalized, shall then be uniformly reheated for tempering. The minimum tempering temperature shall be as specified in Table 2 and Table 3.

⁴ Withdrawn

^{&#}x27;Available from American National Stannards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor. New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

[&]quot;Available from Automotive Industry Action Group (AIAG), 26200 Lahser Rd., Suite 200, Southfield, MI 48033, http://www.aiag.org.

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A 193/A 193M-08

		TABLE 1	Chemical Re	quirements (Co	mposltion, per	cent)*		SKL
Гуре.					Ferritic S	teels		
Grade .		BS			Be	and B6X		
Description		5%• C	hromium			2 %-Chromium		
UNS Designation						1000 (410)		
Ŭ		Range	e	Product Variatio Over orUnder	n, Ra	ange	Product Over or	Variation Under
Carbon Manganese, max Phosphorus, max		0.10 m 1.00 0.040	nin	0.01 under 0.03 over 0.005 over	1.	080.15 00 040	0.01 ov 0.03 ov 0.005 o	er
Sulfur, max		0.030		0.005 over		030	0.005 0	
Silicon		1.00 m		0.05 over		00 max	0.05 ov	er
Chromium Molybdenum		4.06. 0.40		0.10 0.05	11	.£-13.5	0.15	
Гуре.					Ferritic S	iteels		
Grade		B7, B7	'M		B			
Description .		Chrom	lum-Molybderiu	m ^C	CI	nromium-Molybdenu	m-Vanadiu	ım
		Range	9	Product Variatio Over or Under	,	ange		Variation, r Under*
Carbon		0.37		0.02		860.47	0.02	
Manganese		0.65-1		0.04		15-•0.70	0.03	
Phosphorus, max		0.035 0.040		0.005 over		035 040	0.005 ö	
Sulfur, max Silicon		0.040		0.005 over 0.02		15-0.35	0.005 o 0.02	ver
Chromium		0.7W		0.05		36-1.15	0.02	
Volybdenum		0.15		0.02		500.65	0.03	
Vanadium		0.10				250.35	0.03	
Aluminum, max %•*						015		
Гуре			A	ustenitic'Steels,*	Classes 1, 1, ID	,and2		
Grade	B8, B8A		B8C, B8CA		B8M, B8MA	A, B8M2, B8M3	B8P, B8F	PA
UNS Designation .	530400 (30	4)	534700 (347)"""	" 531600 (31	6)	530500	
	D	Product Variation. Over or Under	Denze	Product Variation. Over or Under*	Danca	Product Variation. Over or Under	Range	Product Variation Over or Under
Carbon, max	0.08	0.01 over	0.08	0.01 over	0.08	0.01 over	0.12	0.01 over
Manganese, max	2.00	0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over
Phosphorus, max	0.045	0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over
Sulfur, max	0.030	0.005 over	0.030	0.005over	0.030	0.005 over	0.030	0.005 over
Silicon, max	1.00	0.05 over	1.00	0.05 over	1.00	0.05 over	1.00	0.05 over
Chromium	18.6-20.0	0.20	17.6-19.0 9.6-12.0	0.20 0.15	16.6-18.0 10.6-14.0	0.20 0.15	17.6-19.	
Nickel Molybdenum	8.0-11.0	0.15	9.0-12.0	0.15	2.06-3.00	0.10	11.0-13.	0 0.15
Columbium + tantalum			10 xcarbon content, mir 1.10 max	0.05 under n;	2.00 0.00	0.10		
Туре.			Austenitic Stee	ls,* Classes 1A, 1E	8, 1D, and 2			
Grade	B8N, B8NA			IN, B8MNA		B8MLCuN, B8	MLCuNA	
UNS Designation	. 530451 (304N))	5316	651 (316N)		531254		
	D	Product Varia Over or Und	ation. D		Product Variation Over or Under*	Range		oduct Variatlon, ver or Under*
Carbon, max	0.08	0.01 over	0.08		0.01 over	0.020		005 over
Manganese, max	2.00	0.04 over	2.00		0.04 over	"1.00		03 over
Phosphorus, max	0.045	0.010 over	0.04		0.010 over	0.030		005 over
Sulfur, max	0.030	0.005 over	0.03		0.005 over	0.010		002 over
Silicon, max	1.00	0.05 over	1.00		0.05 over	0.80		05 over
Chromium	18.6-20.0	0.20		S-18.0	0.20	19.5-20.5		20
liekel	8.6-11.0	0.15	10.6	6-13.0	0.15	17.5-18.5		15
Nickel			0.00	2 00	0 10			
Nickel Molybdenum Nitrogen	0.100.16	0.01		6-3.00)0.16	0.10 0.01	6.06.5 0.180.22		10 02

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A193/A193M-08

TABLE 1 Continued

Туре			Austenitic Steels, Classes 1,	1A,and2
Grade .			B8T, B8TA	
UNS Designation			S32100 (321)	
			Dongo	Product Variation, Overor Under*
Carbon, max Manganese, max Phosphorus, max Sulfur, max Silicon, max Chromium Nickel Titanium			0.08 2.00 0.045 0.030 1.00 17.019.0 9.0-12.0 5 x (C + N) min, 0.70 max 0.10 max	0.0t over 0.04 over 0.010 over 0.005 over 0.0G' 0Y6f 0.20 0.15 0.05 under
Nitrogen		Austanitia	Steels, Classes IC and D	
Туре		Austennic	,	
Grade	B8R, B8RA		B8S, B8SA	
UNS Designation	520910		521800	
	Ranae	Product Variation, Over or Under*	Range	Product Variation, Over or Under*
Carbon, max Manganese Phosphorus, max Sultur; max SiJicon Chromium Nickel Molybdenum Nitrogen Columbium + tantalum Vanadium	0.06 4.06.0 0.045 0.030 1.00 max 20.5-23.5 11.5-13.5 1.56-3.00 0.200.40 0.10-0.30 0.100.30	0.01 over 0.05 0.005 over 0.005 over 0.05 over 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.02 0.05 0.02	0.10 7.6-9.0 0.060 0.030 3.54.5 16.6-18.0 8.6-9.0 0.080.18	0.01 over 0.06 0.005 over 0.05 over 0.15 0.20 0.10

Туре	Austenitic Steels", Classes 1, 1A and 10			
Grade	B8LN, B8LNA		B8MLN, B8MLNA	
UNS Designation	530453		531653	
	кануе	Product Variation, Over or Under*	кануе	Product \forall ariation, Over ct Under°
Carbon, max	0.030	0.005 over	0.030	0.005 over
Manganese	2.00	0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over
Phosphorus, max	0.045	0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over
Sulfur, max	0.030	0.005 over	0.030	0.005 over
Silicon	1.00	0.05 over	1.00	0.05 over
Chromium	18.6-20.0	0.20	16.6-18.0	0.20
Nickel	8.0-11.0	0.15	10.0-13.0	0.15
Molybdenum			2.003.00	0.10
Nitrogen	0.10-0.16	0.01	0.10-0.16	0.01

* The intentional addition of Bi, Se, Te, and Pb is not permiked. * Productanalysi Individual determinations sometimes vary from the specified limits on ranges as shown in the 1ables. The several deteminations of any individual element in a heat may not vary both above and below the specified range.

^cTypical steel compositions used for this grade include 4140, 4142, 4145, 4140H, 4142H, and 4145H.

°For bar sizes over 3/« in. (90 mm], inclusive, the carbon content may be 0.50 °», max. For the B7M grade, a minimum carbon content of 0.28 % is permitted, provided that the required tensile properties are met in the section sizes Involvedi the use of AISI 4130 or 4130H is allowed.

*Total of soluble and insoluble.

* Classes 1 and ID are solution treated. Classes 1, 1B, and some 1C (B8R and B8S) products are made from solution treated material. Class 1A (BBA, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, B8NA, and B8MNA) and some Class IC (B9RA and B8SA) products are solution treated in the finished condition. Class 2 products are solution treated and strain hardened.

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Grade Diameter, in. Minimum Temperature, 199, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500		ł	A 193/A 19	93M-08				SKE 2
Grade Diameter, in. Minimum Temperature, 199, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500		TABLE 2 Mechanie	cal Requirem	ents — Incł	Products			Shr
Bit Farritic Steels B5 B5 B6 B6 16 50 B5 B5 B7 B0 100 B0 16 50 B5X B7	Grade	Diameter, in.	Tempering Temperature,	Strength,	min, 0.2°/» offset,	in 40,	of A	uction Hardness, area, max
0 6% Schromium BB up to 4, incl 1100 100 80 16 50 Ste Atronmium BBX, % chromium up to 4, incl 1100 110 85 15 50 Ste Atronmium up to 4, incl 1100 110 85 15 50 We dramium up to 4, incl 1100 110 110 116 50 22 HBC we are 27 to 4 1100 1100 100 75 18 50 32 HBC over 41 07 1100 100 75 18 50 32 HBC 38 HBC over 41 07 1150 100 75 18 50 32 HBC 38 HBC over 41 07 1150 100 75 18 50 32 HBC 38 HBC over 41 07 1200 125 105 18 50 32 HBC Grade, Dameter, in. Heat Treatment' Termine Strength, Eongalion R-ducion min, kel min 1/2 30 50 223 HB' or 96 HRI				·				
1% chomum up to 4, incl 100 100 85 15 50 BBX up to 4, incl 1100 90 70 16 50 28 HRC 3% chomum up to 4, incl 1100 125 195 16 50 23 HRC own 27/4 1100 100 75 18 50 32 HRC 35 HRC own 27/4 1100 100 75 18 50 32 HRC 35 HRC own 41o 7 1150 100 75 18 50 32 HRC 35 HRC own 41o 7 1150 100 75 18 50 32 HRG 35 HRC own 41o 7 1150 100 75 18 50 32 HRG 35 HRC 35 HRC asset 1mmum-molybdenum-wanadum 274 and under 1200 110 95 17 45 32 HRG 32 HRG 32 HRG 35 HRC 35 HRC 35 HRC 35 HRG 35 HRG 35 HRG 35 HRG	4 to 6 % chromium	up to 4, incl	1100	100	80	16	50	
Signaturian up to 4, incl 1100 90 70 16 50 28 HRC B7 nomum-molybdenum 2/4 and under 1100 115 95 16 50 32 HBC over 2/4 to 4 1100 115 95 16 50 32 HBC B7/M*Chromium-molybdenum 4 and under 1150 100 75 18 50 225 HBC B7/M*Chromium-molybdenum-venadum 4 and under 1150 100 75 18 50 225 HBC B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 225 HBC over 2/* to 4 1200 100 95 16 45 32 HBC over 4 to 7 1200 100 95 16 45 32 HBC Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatenet* Tensile Yield smin, wm m ² , min ⁴ , ⁵⁰ 30 50 223 HB ² or 96 HRI BMN, BMD, Cahlaneers carbide solution treated 75 30 30 50 <	13 % chromium	up to 4, incl	1100	110	85	15	50	
Nomium-molybdenum 2/* and under 1100 125 195 16 50 321 HBC over 2/* to 4 1100 115 95 16 50 321 HBC B7MChromium-molybdenum 4 and under 1150 1000 80 18 50 223 HBC B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 225 HBC B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 235 HHC B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 235 HHC Over 2/* to 4 1200 125 105 18 50 35 HRC Over 4 to 8 1200 100 95 16 45 35 HRC Strength, Elongation Reduction min, 0.2 in 4 D, of Area, min, min, s min 75 30 30 50 223 HB° or 96 HRI BMN, all dismeters ass 1 ABCA, BBMA, BBP, carbide solution treated in the finished condition mast 1 BBA, BBA, BBA, BBA, BBA, ABMA, Condition mast 1 BBA, BBA, BBAN, N, BBMA, MA, BBMLNA, SBMA, BBA, CA, BBAN, SBA, Carbide solutin treated	13 % chromium	up to 4, incl	1100	90	70	16	50	26 HRC
over 2/* to 4 1100 115 95 16 50 321 HB or 3 SHRC B7M*Chromium-molybdenum 4 and under 1150 100 75 18 50 321 HB or 3 SHRC B7M*Chromium-molybdenum-vanadum 2/4 and under 1150 100 75 18 50 223 HB or 9 SHRC B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 232 HB or 9 SHRC over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 232 HB or 9 SHRC 33 SHRC 33 SHRC 33 SHRC 33 SHRC 33 SHRC 33 SHRC 321 HB or 9 SHRC 321 HB or 9 SHRC 321 HB or 9 SHRC 33 SHRC <td>B7 Chromium-molybdenum</td> <td>2'/« and under</td> <td>1100</td> <td>125</td> <td>195</td> <td>16</td> <td>50</td> <td></td>	B7 Chromium-molybdenum	2'/« and under	1100	125	195	16	50	
over 4107 1100 100 75 18 50 32.1 HBor B7M'Chromium-molybdenum 4 and under 1150 100 80 18 50 23.5 HBor 99HRB B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 23.5 BHNC 99HRB B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 22.1 HBor 35 HRC B16 over 4 to 8 1200 125 105 18 50 32.1 HBor 35 HRC over 4 to 8 1200 100 85 16 45 32.1 HBor 35 HRC Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment* Tensile Strength, Elongation Reduction min. 2		over 2'/« to 4	1100	115	95	16	50	321 HBor
B7M*Chromium-molybdenum 4 and under 1150 100 80 18 50 228 HB or 39H RB or momium-molybdenum-vanadium B16 over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 228 BH or 39H RB or 39H RB or 39H RB or 38H RC and the first or and the first or and the first or and the first or as 1: B00, B01, B01, B01, B01, B01, B01, B01,		over4107	1100	100	75	18	50	321 HBor
over 4 to 7 1150 100 75 18 50 235 BNNor 99HR8 B16 nomium-molytdenum-vanadium 2/* and under 1200 125 105 18 50 235 BNNor 99HR8 nomium-molytdenum-vanadium 2/* to 4 1200 110 95 17 45 321HBor 35HRC over 4 to 8 1200 100 85 16 45 321HBor 35HRC Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment? Tensile Mathin, Kei Strength, min, 0.2 in 4 D, of Area, min %* Hardness, max BMLN, all diameters ass 1-BAC, BBAM, BBP, carbide solution treated diameters 75 30 30 50 223 HB° or 96H RI MAL, DAN, BBMLAA, carbide solution treated in the finished diameters 75 30 30 50 192 HBor 90 HRE MAL, all diameters asses 1Cand 10: BBA, BBAN, BRAN, RAL, DAN, all diameters carbide solution treated in the finished diameters 75 30 30 50 192 HBor 90 HRE MAL, all diameters asses 1Cand 10: BBA, BBAN, RAL, BBAN, BBA, BLA, BBA, BLA, BBA, BLA, BBA, BBA	B7M"Chromium-molybdenum	4 and under	1150	100	80	18	50	235 HB or
Normium-molybdenum-vanadium 2/* and under 1200 125 105 18 500 321HBor 35 HRC 321HBor over 2/* to 4 1200 110 95 17 45 321HBor 35 HRC 321HBor over 4 to 8 1200 100 85 16 45 321HBor 321HBor Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment* Tensile Strength, Kein 22, in 4.0, or Arrea, min, 62 Yield Strength, Elongation Reduction min, 62, in 4.0, or Arrea, min 5* Hardness, max BMLN, all diameters asses 1 and 10; B8, B8M, B8P, carbide solution treated diameters ass 1c. B8A, B8CA, B8MA, RA, RAFA, BAMA, AC, ABMA, CRA, BAMA, AC, BAMA, CARA, BAMA, AC, Condition NA, BBMN, BBMA, carbide solution treated diameters 75 30 30 50 223 HB° or 96 HRI 192 HBor 90		over 4 to 7	1150	100	75	18	50	235 BHNor
over 2/* to 4 1200 110 95 17 45 321 HBor over 4 to 8 1200 100 85 16 45 321 HBor Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment? Tensile Strength, min % min % Yield Strength, min % min % Flore Hardness, min % <	B16 Chromium-molybdenum-vanadium	2'/« and under	1200	125	105	18	50	
over 4 to 8. 1200 100 85 16 45 321 HBor 35 HRC Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment' Tensile Strength, min, ksi Yield Strength, Elongation Reduction min 0.2 Hardness, min 0.5 Hardness,		over 2'/« to4	1200	110	95	17	45	321HBor
Grade, Diameter, in. HeatTreatment' Strength, field Strength, field Strength, field Hardness, min % Hardness, max Austenitic Steels Austenitic Steels asses 1 and 10; B8, B8M, B8P, carbide solution treated 75 30 30 50 223 HB* or 96 HRI BMLN, all diameters ass 1: B8C, B8T, all carbide solution treated diameters ass 1: B8C, B8T, all carbide solution treated diameters ass 1: B8C, B8T, all carbide solution treated diameters ass 1: B8C, B8T, BBLNA, B8MLA, carbide solution treated 75 30 30 50 223 HB* or 96 HRI MLCUNA, all diameters carbide solution treated 75 30 30 40 223 HB* or 96 HRI BMLCUN, all diameters carbide solution treated 80 35 30 40 223 HB* or 96 HRI BMLCUN, all diameters carbide solution treated 80 35 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC asses 1C and 10: BR, all carbide solution treated 100 55 35		over 4 to 8	1200	100	85	16	45	321HBor
asses 1 and 10; B8, B8M, B8P, carbide solution treated 75 30 30 50 223 HB° or 96 HRI BMLN, all diameters ass 1: B8C, B8T, all carbide solution treated in the finished 75 30 30 50 223 HB° or 96 HRI diameters ass 1A: B8A, B8CA, B8MA, carbide solution treated in the finished 75 30 30 50 192 HB or 90 HRE PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, condition NA, B8MLA, all diameters asses 1B and 10: B8N, B8MLN, carbide solution treated and the finished 80 35 30 40 223 HB° or 96 HRI de BMLCUN, all diameters asses 1C and 10: B8N, B8MN, carbide solution treated and the finished 75 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C and 10: B8R, all carbide solution treated 100 55 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C and 10: B8R, all carbide solution treated 100 55 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC condition 83 Carbide solution treated 100 55 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C and 10: B8R, all carbide solution treated 100 55 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC condition 255 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C and 10: B8S, all carbide solution treated in the finished 295 50 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C: B8A, carbide solution treated in the finished 295 50 35 55 271 HB or 28 HRC ameters asses 1C: B8A, carbide solution treated and strain 125 100 12 35 321 HB or 35 HRC asses 1B, B8C, B8P, B8T, and carbide solution treated and strain 125 100 12 35 321 HB or 35 HRC over /1 to 1/, incl 26 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 21 HB or 35 HRC over /1 to 1/, incl 27 115 80 15 35 321 HB or 35 HRC over /1 to 1/, incl 26 20 26 25 20	Grade, Diameter, in.	HeatTreatment'	Si	itrength, n ìn, ksi	Strength, E min, 0.2	in 4 D, 🛛	of Area,	
BJLN, BMLEN, all diameters BSMLEN, all diameters carbide solution treated diameters carbide solution treated in the finished SPA, BSTA, BSLNA, BSMA, carbide solution treated in the finished SPA, BSTA, BSLNA, BSMLNA, condition SPA, BSTA, BSLNA, BSMLNA, carbide solution treated in the finished SPA, BSTA, BSLNA, BSMNA, carbide solution treated BSMLCuNA, all diameters asses 12 and 10: BSN, BSMN, asses 12 and 10: BSN, all carbide solution treated BSMLCuNA, all diameters carbide solution treated asses 1C and 10: BSR, all carbide solution treated in the finished condition carbide solution treated and strain asses 1C and 1D: BSR, all carbide solution treated and strain asses 1C and the solution treated and strain 125 asses 1C and the solution treated and strain 125 asses 1C and the solution treated and strain 125 asses 1C and the solution treated and strain 115 80 <t< td=""><td></td><td>111 Tution trooted</td><td>Austenitic Stee</td><td></td><td></td><td>20</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		111 Tution trooted	Austenitic Stee			20		
diameters ass 1A: B8A, B8CA, BBMA, condition75303050223 HB° or 96 HRENA, B8M, A MA, BMNA iMLCUN, all diameterscondition75303050192 HB or 90 HREasses 1B and 10: B8N, B8MN, dd B8MLCUN, all diameterscarbide solution treated80353040223 HB° or 96 HRIasses 1C and 10: B8N, B8MN, asses 1C and 10: B8R, all ameters asses 1C and 10: B8R, all conditioncarbide solution treated100553555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8R, all asses 1C and 1D: B8R, all conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition100553555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8S, all conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8S, all conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8S, all conditioncarbide solution treated and strain hardened1251001235321 HB or 35 HRCass 2: B8, BC, B8P, B8T, and over 1' to 1', incl over 1' to 1', inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened1251001235321 HB or 35 HRCover 1' to 1', incl cover 1' to 1', inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened110951545321 HB or 35 HRCover 1' b 1', incl cover 1' to 1', inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened11095 <td>B8LN, B8MLN, all diameters</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>15</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> <td>50</td> <td>223 HB- 01 90 HKB</td>	B8LN, B8MLN, all diameters			15	30	30	50	223 HB- 01 90 HKB
BMLCuN, all diameters asses 1C and 10:B8R, all ameters asses 1C:B8RA, all diameters carbide solution treated in the finished condition asses 1C:B8RA, all diameters carbide solution treated in the finished condition asses 1C:B8SA, ameters asses 1C:B8SA, carbide solution treated in the finished ameters asses 1C:B8SA, carbide solution treated in the finished sasses 1C:B8SA, carbide solution treated in the finished ass 2:B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and carbide solution treated and strain over '/ to 1 ', incl * and under over '/ to 1 '/', incl over 1'Z * to 1 /*, incl ass 2:B6M, B8MLCuN carbide solution treated and strain hardened 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95 110 95	class 1: B80, B81, all diameters Class 1A: B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, B8NA, B8MNA B8MLCuNA, all diameters	carbide solution treated in the finished						223 HB° or 96HRB 192 HB or 90 HRB
asses 1C and 10: B8R, all ameterscarbide solution treated100553555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C: B8RA, all diameters conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition100553555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8S, all ameters asses 1C: B8SA, all diameters conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C: B8SA, all diameters conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C: B8SA, all diameters conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C: B8SA, all diameters conditioncarbide solution treated and strain hardened1251001235321 HB or 35 HRCass 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and over '+ to 1, incl over 1'2 > to 1 />, inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened115801535321 HB or 35 HRCass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN aradunder over '+ to 1 inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened110951545321 HB or 35 HRCover '+ to 1 incl100802045321 HB or 35 HRC	and	carbide solution treated		80	35	30	40	223 HB° or 96 HRB
ass 1C: B8RA, all diameterscarbide solution treated in the finished condition100553557271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C and 1D: B8S, all ameters asses 1C: B8SA, all diameters asses 1C: B8SA, all diameters asses 1C: B8SA, conditioncarbide solution treated in the finished condition95503555271 HB or 28 HRCasses 1C: B8SA, all diameters asses 1C: B8SA, condition ass 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and solution treated and strain over of to 1, incl over of to 1, incl over of to 1/y, inclcarbide solution treated and strain tradened95503555271 HB or 28 HRCover of to 1/y, incl over of to 1/y, inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened1251001235321 HB or 35 HRCass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN and under over of to 1 inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened110951545321 HB or 35 HRCand under over of to 1 inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened110951545321 HB or 35 HRCand under over of to 1 inclcarbide solution treated and strain hardened110951545321 HB or 35 HRC	B8MLCuN, all diameters Classes 1C and 10:B8R, all diameters	carbide solution treated		100	55	35	55	271 HB or 28 HRC
ameters asses IC: B8SA, carbide solution treated in the finished condition asses IC: B8SA, carbide solution treated and strain for the finished condition asses IB, B8C, B8P, B8T, and carbide solution treated and strain for the finished carbide solution treated and strain for the finished for the finished for the finished carbide solution treated and strain for the finished for the finished carbide solution treated and strain for the finished carbide so	Class 1C: B8RA, all diameters			100	55	35	55	271 HB or 28 HRC
asses IC: B8SA, carbide solution treated in the finished and strain ass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN carbide solution treated and strain hardened and under hardened and strain 110 95 15 321 HB or 35 HRC 100 12 35 321 HB or 35 HRC 100 15 35 321 HB or 35 HRC 100 100 15 15 35 321 HB or 35 HRC 100 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Classes1Cand1D:B8S,all	carbide solution treated		95	50	35	55	271 HB or 28 HRC
ass 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and carbide solution treated and strain hardened • and under • and under • over '+ to 1, incl • over 1 to 1'/, incl • ass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN • and under • over +• to 1 incl • and under • over •• to 1 incl • and under • bardened • and under • bardened • and under • bardened •	diameters Classes IC: B8SA,			95	50	35	55	271 HBor 28 HRC
over °/• to 1, incl 115 80 15 35 321 HB or 35 HRC over 1 to 1'/, incl ' 105 65 20 35 321 HB or 35 HRC over 1 to 1'/, incl ' 100 50 28 45 321 HB or 35 HRC ass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN carbide solution treated and strain 110 95 15 45 321 HB or 35 HRC and under hardened 100 80 20 45 321 HB or 35 HRC	Class 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and B8N,	carbide solution treated and strain		125	100	12	35	321 HB or 35 HRC
ass 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN carbide solution treated and strain 110 95 15 45 321 HB or 35 HRC and under hardened 100 80 20 45 321 HB or 35 HRC	over °/• to 1, incl over 1 to 1'/ , incl		3	105	65	20	35	321 HB or35 HRC 321 HB or35 HRC 321 HB or35 HRC
over •/• to 1 incl 100 80 20 45 321 HBor35HRC	Class 2: B6M, B8MN, B8MLCuN							321 HBor 35 HRC
		hardened						321 HBor35HRC
over 11/c to 11/s, incl 90 50 30 45 321 HBor35HRC	,	carbide solution treated and strain		90	50	30	45	321 HBor35HRC 321 HBor35HRC 321 HBor35HRC

A193/A193M-08

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A 193/A 193M-08

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Grade, Diameter, in.	Heat Treatments	Strength, min, ksi	Strength, E min, 0.2 % offset, ksi			Hardness, max	
		Austenitic Steels					
over 2 to 2'/a incl over 2'/« to 3 incl Class 2C: B8M3" 2 andunder	carbide solution treated and strain hardened	90 80 85	65 55 65	30 30 30	40 40 60	321 HB or35 HRC 321 HB or35 HRC 321 HBor35 HRC 321 HBor35 HRC	
over 2		85	60	30	60	321 HB or 35 HRC	_

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"To meet the tensile requirements, the Brinell hardness shall be over 200 HB (93 HRB). * Class 1 is solution treated. Class 1A is solution treated in the finished condition for corrosion resistance; heat treatment is conical due to physical property requirement. Class 2 is solution treated and strain hardened. Austenitic steels in the strain-hardened condition may not show unitom propenies throughout the section particularly in sizes over •Z‹ in. in diameter.

 $For sizes "\/\ in. in diameter and smaller, a maximum hardness of 241\,HB (100\,HRB) is permitted.$

° For diameters 1/s and over, center (core) propenies may be lower than indicated by test reports which are based on values determined at ' radlus.

	TABLE 3 Mec	hanical Requiremer	nts —Metric	Products			
Class	Diameter, (mm]	Minimum Tempering Temperature, °C	Tensile Strength, min, MPa	Yield Strength, . min,0.2 ℃» offset, MPa	Elongation in 40, min, %	Reduction of Area, min, °é	Hardness, max
		Ferritic Steels					
B5 4 to 6 % chromium B6	up to M100, incl	593	690	550	16	50	
13 %• chromium B6X	up to M100, incl	593	760	585	15	50	
13%•chromium B7	up to M100, incl	593	620	485	16	50	26 HRC
Chromium-molybdenum	M64 and under	593	860	720	16	50	321 HBor 35HRC
	over M64 to M100	593	795	655	16	50	321 HBor 35 HRC
	over M100 to M180	593	690	515	18	50	321 HBor 35 HRC
B7M&hromium-molybdenum	M100 and under	620	690	550	18	50	235 HBor 99 HRB
D4	over M100 to M180	620	690	515	18	50	235 BHNor 99 HRB
B1b Chromium-molybdenum-vanadium	M64 and under	. 650	860	725	18	50	321HBor 35HRC
	over M64 to M100	650	760	655	17	45	321 HBor 35 HRC
	over M100 to M180	650	690	585	16	45	321HBor 35 HRC

Class Diameter, mm	Heat Treatment"	Tensile Strength, min, MPa	Yield Strength, Ele min, 0.2 °Z• offset, MPa		Reduction of Area, min %	Hardness, max
	Austeniti	c Steels				
Classes 1 and 1D; BB, BBM, B8P, B8LN B8MLN, all diameters	I, carbide solution treated	515	205	30	50	223 HB ^{A @[} 96 HRB
Class 1: B8C, B8T, all diameters	carbide solution treated	515	205	30	50	223 HB ^{* @p} 96HRB
Class 1A: B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, B8NA, B8MNA B8MLCuNA, all diameters	carbide solution treated in the finished condition	515	205	30	50	192 HB or 90 HRB
Classes 1B and 10: B8N, B8MN, and B8MLCuN, all diameters	carbide solution treated	550	240	30	40	223 HB° or 96 HRB
Classes 1C and 1D: B8R, all diameters	carbide solution treated	690	380	35	55	271 HBor28HRC
Class 1C: B8RA, all diameters	carbide solution treated in the finished COF§itIOfI	690	380	35	55	271HBor28 HRC
Classes J C and 1D: B8S, all diameters	carbide solution treated	655	345	35	55	271 HBor 28 HRC

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A 193/A 193M - 08

TABLE 3 Continued

Class Diameter,mm	' 19eatTreatment'	Tensile Strength, min, MPa	Yield Strength, E min, 0.2 % » offset, MPa	longation Reduction in 4 D, of Area, min º/« min º/»	Hardness, max
	Austenitic	Steels			
Classes IC: B8SA, all diameters	carbide solution treated in the finished condition	655	345	35 55	271 HB or 28 HRC
Class 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and B8N, M20 and under	carbide solution treated and strain hardened	660	690	12" 35	321 HB or 35 HRC
over M20 to M24, incl		795	550	15 35	321HBor35HRC
over M24 to M30, incl		725	450	20 35	321 HBor35HRC
over M30 to M36, incl		690	345	28 45	321HBor35 HRC
Class 2: BBM, B8MN, B8MLCuN,° M20 and under	carbide solution treated and strain hardened	760	655	15 45	321 HB or 35 HRC
over M20 to M24, incl		690	550	20 45	321HBor35HRC
over M24 to M30, incl		655	450	25 45	321HBor35HRC
overM30toM36,incl		620	345	30 45	321 HBor35 HRC
Class 2B: BB, B8M2,° M48 and under	carbide solution treated and strain hardened	655	515	25 40	321HBor35 HRC
over M48 to M64, incl		620	450	30 40	321HBor35HRC
over M64 to M72, incl		550	380	30 40	321HBor35HRC
Class 2C: B8M3,° M48 and under	carbide solution treated and strain hardened	585	450	30 60	321HBor35 HRC
over M48		585	415	30 60	321 HB or 35 HRC

*To meet the tensile requirements, the Brinell hardness shall be over 200 HB (93 HRB).

Class 1 is solution treated. Class 1A is solution treated in the finished condition for corrosion resistance; heat treatment is critical due to physical property requirement. Class 2 is solution treated and strain hardened. Austenitic steels in the strain-hardened condition may not show uniform properties throughout the section particularly in sizes over M20 mm in diameter

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For sizes M20 mm in diameter and smaller, a maximum hardness of 241 HB (100 HRB) is permitted.

* For diameters M38 and over, center (core) properties may be lower than indicated by test reports which are based on values detemined at 1/4 radius.

7.i.1 Quenched and tempered or normalized and tempered ferritic material that is subsequently cold drawn for dimensional control shall be stress-relieved after cold drawing. The minimum stress—relief temperature shall be 100 °F [55 °C] below the tempering temperature. Tests for mechanical properties shall be performed after stress relieving.

7.2 Both B6 and B6X materials shall be held, at the tempering temperature for a minimum time of 1 h. Identification Symbol B6X material may be furnished in the as-rolledarid-tempered condition. Cold working is permitted with the

B 6X grade. B 6K grade for the (

7.3 All austenitic stainless steels shall receive a carbide solution treatment (see 7.3.1-7.3.4 for specific requirements for each class). Classes 1, IB, IC (Grades B8R and B8S only), 2, 2B, and 2C can apply to bar, wire, and finished fasteners. Class IA (all grades) and Class IC (grades B8RA and B8SA only) can apply to finished fasteners. Class ID applies only to bar and wire and finished fasteners that are machined directly from Class I D bar or wire without any subsequent hot or cold working.

Tal 1 *Classes 1 and IB, and Class IC Grades B8R aiul &8S—After* rolling of the bar, forging, or heading, whether done hot or cold, the material shall be heated from ambient temperature and held a sufficient time at a temperature at which the chromium carbide will go into solution and then shall be cooled at a rate sufficient to prevent the precipitation of the carbide.

⁷² *Class JD—Rolled* or forged Grades B8, B8M, B8P, B8LN, B8MLN, B8N, B8MN, B8R, and B8S bar shall be cooled rapidly immediately following hot working while the

temperature is above $1750 \,^{\circ}\text{F} (955 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ so that grain boundary carbides are in solution. Class ID shall be restricted to applications at temperatures less than $850 \,^{\circ}\text{F} [455 \,^{\circ}\text{C}]$.

⁷³*Class IA and Class IC Grades B8RA and B8SA*— Finished fasteners shall be carbide solution treated after all rolling, forging, heading, and threading operations are complete. This designation does not apply to starting material such as bar. Fasteners shall be heated from ambient temperature and held a sufficient time at a temperature at which the chromium carbide will go into solution and then shall be cooled at a rate sufficient to prevent the precipitation of the carbide.

⁷⁴ *Classes 2, 28, and 2C—Material* shall be carbide solution treated by heating from ambient temperature and holding a sufficient time at a temperature at which the chromium carbide will go into solution and then cooling at a rate sufficient to prevent the precipitation of the carbide. Following this treatment the material shall then be strain hardened to achieve the required properties.

Now WHeat treatment following operations performed on a limited portion of the product, such as heading, may result in non-uniform grain size and mechanical properties through the section affected.

7.4 If scale-free bright finish is required, this shall be specified in the purchase order.

7.5 B7 and B7M bolting material shall be heat treated by quenching in a liquid medium and tempering. For B7M bolting, the final heat treatment, which mily be the tempering operation if conducted at $1150 \,^{\circ}$ F f620 $^{\circ}$ C) minimum, shall be done after all machining and forming operations, including thread rolling and any type of cutting. Surface preparation for



where:

hardness testing, nondestructive evaluation, or ultrasonic bolt tensioning is permitted.

7.5.1 Unless otherwise specified, material for Grade B7 may be heat treated by the Furnace, the Induction or the Electrical Resistance method.

Note 5—It should be taken into consideration that stress-relaxation properties may vary from heat lot to heat lot or these properties may vary from one heat treating method to another. The purchaser may specify Supplementary Requirement 58, if stress-rel:ixation testing is desired.

7.6 Material Grade B16 shall be heated to a temperature range from $1700 \text{ to } 1750 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$ [925 to 955 $^\circ\text{C}$] and oil quenched. The minimum tempering temperature shall be as specified in Table 2.

8. Chemical Composition

5.1 Each alloy sl1al1 **GORFOITF1** to th€: C•hemica1 composition iequirements prescribed in Table 1.

8.2 The steel shall not contain an unspecified element for the ordered grade to the extent that the steel conforms to the requirements of another grade for which that element is a specified element. Furthermore, elements present in concentrations greater than 0.75 weight/70 shall be reported.

9. Heat Analysis

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9.1 An analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentages of the elements specified in Section 8. The chemical composition thus determined shall be reported to the purchaser or the purchaser's repiesentative, and shall conform to the requirements specified in Section S. Should the purchaser' deem it necessary to have the transition zone of two heats sequentially cast discarded, the purchaser shall invoke Supplementary Requirement 53 of Specification A 788.

10. Mechanical Properties

10.1 Tensile Properties.

10.1.1 *Requirements—The* material as represented by the tension specimens shall conform to the requiiements prescribed in Table 2 at room temperature after heat treatment. Alternatively, stainJess strain hardened headed fasteners (Class 2, 2B, and 2C) shall be tested full size after strain hardening to deteimine tensile strength and yield strength and shall conform to the requiiements piescribed in Table 2. Should the results of full size tests conflict with results of tension specimen tests, full size test results shall prevail.

10.1.2 *Full Site .Fasteners, hedge Tensile Testing—When* applicable, see 13.1.3, headed fasteners shall be wedge tested full size and shall conform to the tensile strength shown in Table 2. The minimum full size breaking strength (lbf) for individual sizes shall be as follows:

(1)

wheie:

Ts -- wedge tensile strength,

UTS --- tensile strength speci5ed in "fable 2, and

As -- stress area, square inches, as shown in ANSI BI.1 or calculated as follows:

$$As - 0.785 (D - (0.974/\text{II}))'$$

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(2)

D -- nominal thread size, and

n -- the number of threads pei inch.

10.2 Hardness Requirements:

1021 1 The hardness shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 2. Hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with either Specification A 962/A 962M or with Test Methods F 606.

102 Grade BZ4f—The maximum hardness of the grade shall be 235 HB or 99 HRB. The minimum hardness shall not be less than 200 HB or 93 HRB. Conformance to this hardness shall be ensured by testing the hardness of each stud or bolt by Brinell or Rockwell B methods in accordance with 10.2.1. The

use of 100 % electromagnetic testing for hardness as an alternative to 100 % indentation hardness testing is permissible when qualified by sampling using indentation hardness testing. Each lot tested foi hardness electromagnetically shall be 100 % examined in accordance with Practice E 5ti6. Following electromagnetic testing for hardness a random sample of a minimum of 100 pieces of each heat of steel in each lot (as defined in 13. 1.1) shall be tested by indentation hardness methods. All samples must meet hardness requirements to permit acceptance of the lot. If any one sample is outside of the specified maximum or minimum hardness, the lot shall be rejected and either reprocessed and iesampled or tested 100 % by indentation hardness methods. Product that has been 100 7otested and found acceptable shall have a line under the grade symbol.

10.2.2. 1 Surface preparation for indentation hardness testing shall be in accordance with Test Methods E 18. Hardness tests shall be performed on the end of the bolt or stud. When this is impractical, the hardness test shall be performed elsewhere.

11. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

11.1 Bolts, screws, studs, and stud bolts shall be pointed and shall have a workmanlike finish. Points shall be flat and chamfered or rotinded at option of the manufacturer. Length of point on studs and stud bolts shall be not less than one nor more than two complete threads as measured from the extreme end parallel to the axis. Length of studs and stud bolts shall be measured from first thread to first thread.

11.2 Bolt heads shall be in accordance with the dimensions of ANSI B15.2. 1 or ANSI B1S.2.3. lM. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the Heavy Hex Screws Series should be used, except the maximum body diameter and radius of fillet may be the same as for the Heavy Hex Bolt Series. The body diameter and head fillet radius for sizes of Heavy Hex Cap Screws and Bolts that are not shown in their respective tables in ANSI B18.2. I or ANSI B18.2.3. lM may be that shown in the corresponding Hex Cap Screw and Bolt Tables respectively. Socket head fasteners shall be in accordance with ANSI B18.3 or ANSI B18.3. lM.

12. Retests

12.1 If the results of the mechanical tests of any test lot do not conform to the requirements specified, the manufacturer may retreat such lot not more than twice, in which case two

SKE 280608

A 193/A t93M-08

additional tension tests shall be made from such lot, all of which shall conform to the requirements speCifiéd.

13. Test Specimens

13. 1 *Number of Tests—Not* heat-treated bars, one tension test shall be made for each diameter of each heat represented in each tempering charge. When heat treated without interruption in continuous furnaces, the material in a lot shall be the same heat, same prior condition, same size, and subjected to the same heat treatment. Not fewer than two tension tests are required for each lot containing 20 000 lb [9000 kg] or less. Every additional 10 000 lb [4500 kg) or fraction thereof requires one additional test.

13.1.1 For studs, bolts, screws, and so forth, one tension test shall be made for each diameter of each heat involved in the lot. Each lot shall consist of the following:

Diameter, in. [mmJ	Lot Size	•
1'/e [30] and under	1500 lb [780 kgJ or fraction thereof	
Over 11/8 [30] to 13/4 [42], incl	4500 lb [2000 kgJ or fraction thereof	
Over 1°Z ([42] to 2'Z ([64], incl	60o0 lb [2700 kg] or fraction thereof	
Over 2'/s [64]	100 pieces or fraction thereof	

1312 Tension tests are not required to be made on bolts, screws, studs, or stud bolts that are fabricated from heat-treated bars furnished in accordance with the requirements of this specification and tested in accordance with 13.1, provided they are not given a subsequent heat treatment.

1313 Full Size Specimens, Headed Fasteners—headed fasteners 1'/zin. in body diameter and smaller, with body length three times the diameter or longer, and that are produced by upsetting or forging (hot or cold) shall be subjected to full size testing in accordance with 10.1.2. This testing shall be in addition to tensile testing as specified in 10. 1.1. The lot size shall be as shown in 13.1.1. Failure shall occur in the body or threaded section with no failure, or indications of failure, such as cracks, at the junction of the head and shank.

14. Nuts

14.1 Bolts, studs, and stud bolts shall be furnished with unus, when specified in the purchase order. Nuts shall conform to Specification A 194/A 194M.

15. Rejection and Rehearing

■ 1 Unless otherwise specified in the basis of purchase, any rejection based on product analysis shall be reported to the manufacturer within 30 days front the receipt of samples by the purchaser.

 \mathbb{E} Material that shows defects subsequent to its acceptance at the place of manufacture shall be rejected, and the manufacturer shall be notified.

B Product Are/ysis—Samples that represent rejected material shall be preset-red for two weeks from the date of the test report. In the case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the manufacturer may make claim for a rehearing within that time.

16. Certification

16.1 The producer of the raw material or finished fasteners shall furnish a certification to the purchaser or his representative showing the results of the chemical analysis, macroetch examination (Carbon and Alloy Steels Only), and mechanical tests, and state the method of heat treatment employed.

16.2 Certification shall also include at least the following:

16.2.I A statement that the material or the fasteners, or both, were manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the specification and any supplementary requirements or other requirements designated in the purchase order or contract and was found to meet those requirements.

16.2.2 The specification number, year date, and identificatioi symbol.

17. Product Marking

17.1 The marking symbol and manufacturer's identification symbol shall be applied to one end of studs °/«in. [10 mm] in diameter and larger and to the heads of bolts '/4 in. [6 mm] in diameter and larger. (If the available area is inadequate, the marking symbol may be placed on one end with the manufacturer's identification symbol placed on the other end.) The marking symbol shall be as shown in Table 4 and Table S. Grade B7M, which has been 100 \mathfrak{B} evaluated in conformance with the specification, shall have a line under the marking symbol to distinguish it from B7M produced to previous specification revisions not requiring 100 \mathfrak{B} hardness testing.

17.2 For bolting materials, including threaded bars, furnished bundled and tagged or boxed, the tags and boxes shall carry the marking symbol for the material identification and the manufacturer's identification symbol or name.

17.3 For purposes of product marking, the manufacturer is considered the organization that certifies the fastener was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the specification and the results have been determined to meet the requirements of this specification.

17.4 *Bar Coding—In* addition to the requirements in 17.1, I 7.2, and 17.3, bar coding is acceptable as a supplementary identification method. Bar coding should be consistent with AIAG Standard B-5 02.00. If used on small items, the bar code may be applied to the box or a substantially applied tag.

18. Keywords

I8.1 hardness; heat treatment

TABLE 4 Marking of Ferritic Steels					
t3rade	'landing Symbol				
В5	В5				
B6	B6				
B6X	B6X				
B7	B7				
B7M *	BOM				
B16	B16				
B16 +	B16R				
Supplement S12					

°For explanations, see 10.2.2 and 17.1.



Class	Grade	Marking Symbol
Class 1	B8 B8C BBM .B8P B8T B8LN B8MLN	B8 B8C B8M B8P B8T B8T or B8LN B8F or B8LN B8G or B8MLN
Class 1A	B8A B8CA B8MA B8PA B8TA B8LNA B8MLNA B8MA B8MA B8MA B8MA	B8A B8D or B8CA B8D or B8MA B8H or B8PA B8J or B8TA B8L or B8LNA B8K or B8MLNA B8W or B8MA B8W or B8MNA B8W or B8MNA
Class 1B	B8N B8MN B8MLCuN	B8N B8Y or B8MN B9J or B8MLCuN
Class 1C	B8R B8RA B8S B8SA	B9A or B8R B9B or B8RA B9D or B8S B9F or B8SA
Class 10	B8 B8ki B8P B8LN B8MLN B8N B8N B8R B8R B8S	B94 B95 B96 B97 B98 B99 B100 B101 B102
Class 2	B8 B8C B8P B8T B8N B8M B8M B8kJN B8MLCuN	B8SH <u>B8CSH</u> <u>B8TSH</u> <u>B8NSH</u> <u>B8MSH</u> <u>B8YSH</u> <u>B0JSH</u>
Class 2B	B8M2 BB	<u>B9G or B8M2</u> {}
Class 2C	B8M3	B9H or B8M3

A 193/A 193M-08

TABLE 5 Marking of Austenitic Steels

SUPPLEMENTARYREQUIREMENTS

These requirements shall not apply unless specified in the order and in the Ordering Information, in which event the specified tests shall be made before shipment of the product.

51. High Temperature Testsas agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser. When51.1 Tests to determine high temperature properties shall be testing temperatures are as low as those specified in Specifi-
made in accoi'dance with Test Methods E 2J, E 139, and E 292,
and Practices E 1.50 and E 151.CatiofI A 320/A 320M, bolting should be ordered to that speci-
fixation in preference to this specification.

52. Charpy Impact Tests

52.1 Charpy impact tests based on the requirements of Specification A 320/A 320M, Sections 6 and 7, shall be made

A 193/A 193M-08

53. 10070 Hardness Testing of Grade B7M

53.1 Each Grade B7M bolt or' stud shall be tested for hardness by indentation method and shall meet the requirements specified in Tabse 2.

54. Hardness Testing of Grade B16

54.1 For bolts or studs 2'/z in. [65 mm] or smallei, the hardness for Grade B16 shall be measured on or near the end of each bolt oi stud using one of the methods prescribed in 10.2.1 for the Burnell or Rockwell Ctest. The hardness shall be in the range 253—319 HB or 25—34 HRC.

55. Product Marking

SS. 1 Marking and manufacturer's identification symbols shall be applied to one end of studs and to the heads of bolts of all sizes. (If the available area is inadequate, the marking symbol may be marked on one end and the manufacturer's identification symbol marked on the other end.) For bolts smallei than 'Z in. [6 mm] in diameter and studs smaller than 3/g in. [10 mm] in diameter and for '7s in. [6 mm] in diameter studs requiring more than a total of three symbols, the marking shall be a matter of agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

56. Stress Relieving

S6.1 A stress-relieving opei'ation shall follow straightening after heat treatment.

S6.2 The minimum stress-relieving temperature shall be 100 °F [55 °C] below the tempering temperature. Tests for mechanical properties shall be performed after stress relieving.

57. Magnetic Particle Inspection

57. I Bars shall be magnetic particle examined in accordance with Guide E 709. Bars with indications of cracks or seams are subject to rejection if the indications extend more than 37• of the diameter into the bar.

58. Stress-Relaxation Testing

58.1 Stress-Relaxation Testing, when required, shall be done in accoidance with Test Methods E 328. The test shall be performed at 850 °F [454 °C] for a period of 100 h. The initial stress shall be 50 M psi [345 MPa]. The residual stress at 100 h shall be 17 M psi [117 MPa]minimum.

59. Grain Size Requirements for Non H Grade Austenitic Steels Used Above 1000 °F

S9.1 For design metal temperatures above 1000 °F [540 °C], the material shall have a grain size of No. 7 or coarser as determined in accordance with Test Methods E 112. The grain size so determined shall be reported on the Certification 510. Hardness Text

ASME Applications

510.1 The maximum hardness shall be Rockwell C35 immediately under the thread roots. The hardness shall be taken on a flat area at least 'Z in. [3 mm] across, prepared by removing threads, and no more material than necessary shall be removed to prepare the flat areas. Hardness determinations shall be made at the same frequency as tensile tests.

511. Thread Forming

S11.1 Threads shall be formed after heat treatment. Application of this supplemental requirement to grade B7M or the grades listed in 7.3.3 is prohibited.

512. Stress Rupture Testing of Grade B16

S12.1 One test shall be made for each heat treat lot. Testing shall be conducted using a combination test bar in accordance with Test Methods E 292. Rupture shall occur in the smooth section of each test specimen. The test shall be conducted at 1100 °F [595 °C] and 20 ksi [140 MPa]. The test shall be continued until the sample ruptures. Rupture life shall be 25 h minimum. Testing is not required on material less than 'Zin. [12 mm] thick.

S12.2 When a purchase order for fasteners invokes S12, the product marking supplied shall be "B16R."

513. Coatings on Bolting Materials

513. I It is the purchaser's responsibility to specify in the purchase order all information required by the coating facility. **Examples** of such information may include but are not limited to the following:

513.1.1 Reference to the appropriate coating specification and type, thickness, location, modification to dimensions, and hydrogen embrittlement relief.

513.1.2 Reference to Specifications A 153/A I53M, B 695, B 696, B 756, or F 1941, Test Method F 1940, or other standards.

514. Marking Coated Bolting Materials

514. 1 Material coated with zinc shall have an asterisk (*) marked after the grade symbol. Material coated with cadmium shall have a plus sign (+) marked after the grade symbol.

A 193/A **193M –** 08

APPENDIXES

(Nonmandatory Information)

XLFTRAINHARDENINC OFAUSTENITFCSTEELS

XI. 1 Strain hardening is the increase in strength and hat-dness that results fiom plastic deformation below the recrystallization temperature (cold work). This effect is pro-

duced in austenitic stainless steels by reducing oversized bars hardened fastener are dependent not just on the alloy, but also or wire to the desired final size by cold drawing or other on the size of bar from which it is machined. The minimum bar process. The degree of strain hardening achievable in any alloy size that can be used, however, is established by the configuis limited by its strain hardening characteristics. In addition, the ration of the fastener so that the configuration i:an affect the amount of strain hardening that can be produced is further strength of the fastener. limited by the variables of the process, such as the total amount

of cross-section reduction, die angle, and bar size. In large diameter bars, for example, plastic deformation will occur principally in the outer regions of the bar so that the increased strength and hardness due to strain hardening is achieved accommodate the head of the bolt. The stud, therefore, is likely predominantly near the surface of the bar. That is, the smaller

X2. COATINGS AND APPLICATION LIMITS

X2.1 Use of coated fasteners at temperatures above ap- 780 °F (415 °C). Therefore, application of zinc-coated fastenproximately one-half the melting point (Fahrenheit or Celsius) ers should be limited to temperatures less than 390 °F [210 °C]. of the coating is not recommended unless consideration is The melting point of cadmium is approximately 600 °F [320 given to the potential for liquid and solid metal embrittlement, °C]. Therefore, application of cadmium-coated fasteners or both. The melting point of elemental zinc is apprOKIITlately should be limited to temperatures less than 300 °F [160 °C].

SMWMARYOFCHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A 193/A 193M—07, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved April I, 2008).

Added new Supplementary Requirement S14.

(2) Added Nitrogen for Grades B8T and B8TA in Table 1.

the bar, the greater the penekation of strain hardening.

Xl.2 Thus, the mechanical properties of a given strain

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A 193/A 193M—06a, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved March 1, 2007).

(7) Deleted the space between the S and the numbers in the UNS designations in Table 1.

(2) Added permissible product variations for B8MLCuN and B8MLCUNA $_{IR}$ Tilble 1.

(3) Added the requirement to report ninogen for 532100 and changed the order of the elements in Table 1 for this grade to be consistent with the other stainless grades.

(4) Corrected the metric yield strength for **B16** M100 to M180 in Table 3.

(I) Corrected the metric conversion in 512.

(6) Added reference to Test Method F 1940 and Specification

F 1941, and dropped reference to Specification B 633, in **513**.



A 193/A 193M-08



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